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Bristol. October 16th 1851

Thursday

My dear Mr Chapman.

This letter will be but a late acknowledgment of the affectionate solicitudes of hearts & pens with which we were gratified so soon after you had quitted our roof, & which must have been exhausted at a time when preparations for your departure to Paris rendered every minute precious to you. You did not however miscalculate our feelings if you conjectured that our breakfast table needed to be cleared by more vivid evidences than simple recollection could supply, of the endeared friends who had so recently brightened & animated it. I trust Mary has cheered you fully

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how much are appreciated, that
I were comforted by the many proofs
of your friendly regard that morning's
post conveyed to me. It has
been from no want of inclination
that I have not sooner written to
you; and I should have no fear of your
undervaluing the hindrance to my
doing so, did you know the manner
in which the ministers & the strength
I had employed from the time you left
Bristol to the present hour. —
with little interval, they have been
devoted to the object (alas! how
unsuccessfully) which occupies
your time, heart & thoughts.

We calculated that Mrs Thompson
would let you see, on Saturday, the
departure from London, the Bristol
Examiner which I had directed
to be forwarded to him by the
night post, many hours before

it is circulated in Bristol. Mr. Chandler's letter seemed to demand an answer from me, & though I do not like the idea to bring myself personally before the readers of newspapers, I did not hesitate to do so on this occasion. I thought I had expressed myself rather strongly with regard to Mr. C's letter, but I have been pleased at receiving some compliments for my midness from those even who, I expected, would have sympathized with R. C. From Mr. C. himself (as you have seen & will see) an amount of opprobrium was received far beyond my expectations.

Last week I went to Brighton to a Miss Cannes, & on the journey to London Mr. Chandler advisedly came into the carriage where I was alone, seated. His friendliness was extreme, but he evinced almost shyness of mind

& more unacquainted with the G.
cause, than ever I expected to find in
him. He told me he was urged by Jos.
Eaton to write his letter: that when
written he was appalled at the awful
sentiments he was giving publicity to
but seeing the beautiful sentiments
of L. Barrett, he thought it might prove
wd prove an antidote to any evil
likely to arise from W. C. W's blasphemy
He had heard Garrison at Lyme Hall
formerly, when his delineations were
so disgusting to his audience that
they had hardly patience to hear him
This was about the extent of his
arguments - He admitted that he
had made a blunder in not coming
home before the Meeting in Bristol -
It is really beautiful to have such
an act & act of Founder of the Broad St
Society for an opponent: he will do
the cause vastly more good in that
position than if he were an ally

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2d of ours. I gave him a Liberator to read to comfort him, & I am determined to visit when his reading that of the 19th Inst. with W.L.G.'s interesting letter to Mr Grant.

As I passed thro' London this day week I had a pleasant interview with Mrs. I was somewhat alarmed by the account Miss Weston read of W.L.G.'s "burning indignation" at Mr. Grant's articles, & the fears my "friend" & others had, that he would assail Mrs G in his fierce manner when roused, so I thought it well to prepare Mrs G. for what might come to him in a day or two. I told him W.L.G. was greatly pained at the article in the Ms. A. that he fancied if Dr might have attached sable pens some private causes, but have his heart so thoroughly in the Movement as some of his detractors led one to suppose. Mr Grant was evidently much annoyed at such a supposition: he said Mr Garrison's dis-

trust of him without any sufficient
proof, betrayed want of tact, want of
judgment, & great want of candour, &
tended to confirm his insufficiency
that W. L. G. must be deficient in
those qualities essential to his being
a safe & discreet leader in the A. S.
cause. He said he had never received
any thing but civilities from
Mr Stabler, & that his present difference
with S. was on the severance of
a friendship, & not the renewal of a
feud. After a time I was able to
pacify him, & he never hesitated to give
W. L. G. credit for unselfish devotion
to the Abolition cause in all that he said
& did. As Mr G. was very desirous
I should see him again, & take tea
with him on my return thro' Town,
I at once acceded, & made my ar-
rangements accordingly, to be with him
on Monday afternoon, & left my ap-
pointment. Mr & Miss Grant, & the youngest
sons were at home, & we had very pleasant

2 hours chat. The visit gave me the opportunity of introducing my pupil to a more advanced department of Anti-Slavery studies. He had just received a N. Star, & said how tame & uninteresting N. D's paper had become. This enabled me to explain to him how N.D. may be considered as having relinquished the A.S. cause (for a political party, which undertook to deal with Slavery only to a limited extent) & is as one of many other social & political nuisances. And then I pointed out to him, how, as soon as Daniel had decided the true object he was labouring up by, & him, & Lord Ch. up, the U.S. & F. A.-S. Soc.: this was an important moral to the tale, & I think G. took it in — may he remember it! I have also laboured to impress upon him that no dallying or parleying must be held with the Quaker supporters of the Bond the Free — that they were

really & truly the great obstructors of the cause at present, & I strengthened & elucidated my argument by your diagram: so that I left him, (tho' he left first) with considerable complacency at the manner, & apparent comprehensibility in which I had delivered my lecture: but I am a high minded: the vanity of two much confidence in the most able is obvious, has too often been forced upon me: even Miss Weston does not always succeed with her pupils.

From Mr G. I retained to Hogarth & spent another very agreeable two hours with Geo. Thompson. (As I was much out of the room; — not so his intelligent daughter) Mr. T. had just received a long letter from Mr. Garrison which he read to me, as well as Lib.rs of Oct: 19 — & 26, the former containing, (which he also read to me) the admirable letter of W. L. G. to Mr. Grant. This all that I could wish it to be, & will be an inestimable

3d document here. Mr. T. told me of going soon to Paris. Probably you have not yet seen the Lib. of that Q. &c?

The moderation, feeling, & ~~admirable~~ sound line of argument ~~& temper~~ exhibited in this letter, made me feel a little doubtful how far I had been discreet in saying so much about the subject to Mr Grant as I had done, so I thought it prudent to call in Fleet Street on Tuesday morning instead of coming home early in the day. Mr. G. was out, & I found he had not received the Lib: I told him the tenor of W. L. G's letter & he seemed satisfied – relieved I think.

I offered to let him see the Lib. as Mr. Thompson had given me one of his copies in exchange for a Liberator of mine, but Mr G. did not press this; & as he expressed his intention of not pursuing the controversy with W. L. G. I commended his determination & thought it best to let the Liberator

come to him in its legitimate way, for I presume one will be sent to him. My impression is, that Mr. G. has found out that he has made statements of his recollection of the speech of W. L. G.'s in London, which he finds no means whatever of verifying; — on the contrary, that all accessible printed reports of what Garrison did say, are adverse to these recollections ~~entered by~~ Mr Grant's. take ~~cognizance of~~ ~~prescribed by his~~ memory. I expect he will back out of the dispute: — it would be very satisfactory if he were to acknowledge his mistake; but this I do not anticipate he will do: be it thus or otherwise, I expect that the motion to the Meeting disposed to be pleased with Mr Garrison, & left it disappointed, & disheartened by the manner in which W. L. G. advocated the cause.

Perhaps his attitude & position were more in the way of his mental vision then, than they are now.

I was very desirous that our Boston friends should understand Mr. Garrison, & not be inclined to consider an honest but uninformed Abolitionist, as an intruder to the cause; and while at Brighton, I wrote to my "friend," & cousin, Missing that letter. I said and have no influence upon Mr. Garrison in conducting articles, but might be of future service. As you will probably think that I have unnecessarily dilated upon our London ally in this letter, but my appreciation of Mr. G's value to the cause is very high, & I am anxious for others to have the same view. I am, at the same time well aware that there is danger in his yet unbalanced state, of his more than "bolting" as sporting

men shew of some racers, who are not so much to be depended on as their backers would wish, yet be maybe able & willing to run many a good race with out any want of steadiness.

Mr. Grant was full of encouragement at one of the "bills of Lading" I shew him, & one of Mr. Freeman's letters. I asked for a copy for the M.C. I submit there is no objection to his having one?

I trust we are never a fair way to get up a little schism on the C.S. question among the Quakers. The heads of the Body have given the word of command, & the majority will obey: but I trust a few will be unfaithful to their leaders. It is serious if these Friends, who arrogate to themselves a peculiar mode & conduct in their own

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4/ should have to defend themselves
against the charge, which we shall
aim to establish against them, of
being, as supporters of the Fraud
& the principal Obstacles
to the useful Work in this country
in favour of the American Slave.

Mrs Waring has just had a re-
gular New Orgie a letter from a
rich Quaker Uncle at Death.-

Pat I will bring my epistle to a
conclusion by putting that I have
not had time for other topics.

Mrs Latrobe's letter, Clay's Colonial
letter, I read attentively. It quite
shows out the pro-slavery shirt,
and will be useful as a specimen
of the genus of supporters of the
"peculiar institution". I thought
it very clever in the writer not to
pretend that the Colonization Society did
that much in thinning the free-

colored population of the U.S. by
direct efforts; it had laid a foundation
upon which a superstructure could
now be easily laid by continued
opposition to, & ill treatment of their
colored
people, for it really amounts to
that. The Chr. Register has the folle
that.

Understanding Mary was writing
to Miss Weston, I have taken the my
leave to address you. Solely was my
~~cause~~ debt of gratitude,
& so numerous my creditors, that
I was almost perplexed whom first
to make a remittance to: but I
have such an unbounded respect
for the claims of primogeniture
in a social, if not in a legal point
of view; that my duty appeared
clear. In summa however, I
have had as much communi-

cabinet "as circumstances would allow", and it has been a trouble to me that both Mrs Ames & I missed seeing her at Brighton –

Miss Watson kindly enquired for Miss Ames. After her return from Paris she had almost total loss of sight of the left eye, preceded by headache, & accompanied by intolerance of light, & deep seated pain. Mrs Ames was much better when I left her, & could read but the largest letters with the affected eye: her Brighton doctors are rather more sanguine of a complete restoration than I am.

Miss Grant's eyes are quite well. I hear her sister has been ill in Paris.

To Miss Watson Lizzie & Annie

offer my kind love, and believe, my
dear Mrs Chapman

Your affectionate friend

J. B. Estlin

I am in communication with
Mr. Foley about a frame for the
Medallion. Please to tell Miss
Weston, the plate of my portrait
is gone to London to have some
inscriptions cut on

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